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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/099,646	03/15/2002	Kenneth C. Waterman	PC11851AAKM	2293
7590 10/19/2004			EXAMINER	
Gregg C. Benson			CROSS, LATOYA I	
Pfizer Inc.				
Patent Department, MS 4159			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Eastern Point Road			1743	
Groton, CT 06	5340	•		

DATE MAILED: 10/19/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/099,646	WATERMAN, KENNETH C.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	LaToya I. Cross	1743
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFI after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, and if NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stany reply received by the Office later than three months after the meanned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may n. a reply within the statutory minimum of t wirlod will apply and will expire SIX (6) M latute, cause the application to become	a reply be timely filed hirty (30) days will be considered timely. ONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. \$ 133)
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2	<u> 18 July 2004</u> .	
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ 1	This action is non-final.	•
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	owance except for formal ma	atters, prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice und		The state of the s
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,8-18,20 and 21</u> is/are pending	in the application	4
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with	• •	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	urawn from consideration.	:
	•	
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,8-18,20 and 21</u> is/are rejected 7)□ Claim(s) is/are objected to.	l .	•
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	od/or olootion recuirement	
,	id/or election requirement.	
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam		; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 28 July 2004 is/are:	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ obje	ected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor	rection is required if the drawir	ng(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of:		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).
1. Certified copies of the priority docum		
2. Certified copies of the priority docum		
3. Copies of the certified copies of the p		n received in this National Stage
application from the International Bur	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies no	t received.
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ttachment/s\		
ttachment(s)	4) 🗀 Inton-da	Summary (PTO 442)
ttachment(s)) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	Paper No	o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is in response to Applicants' amendments filed on June 28, 2004. Claims 1-3, 8-18, 20 and 21 are pending.

Withdrawal of Rejections from Previous Office Action

- The anticipatory rejections over Green et al and Hekal are withdrawn in view of Applicants' amendment to define the oxygen absorber as being UV activated into the independent claims. Likewise, the obviousness rejection over Hekal in view of Green et al is withdrawn

Drawings

The drawings were received on June 28, 2004. These drawings are acceptable.

Claim Observations

- Claim 18 contains two occurrences of the term "verapamil" (at line 4 and again at line 7). The second occurrence of the term should be deleted.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claims 1, 11-18, 20 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Green et-al in view of US Patent 6,139,770 to Katsumoto et al.

Green et al teach a package for containing drugs or medicaments wherein the shelf-life

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of the drugs is increased. The package comprises a first laminate material (30) that becomes the lid for the package. A second laminate material (32) forms the recess/well in which the drug (100) is contained. A heat-seal coating is provided on laminate (30). The first and second laminate materials are heat sealed to form a reservoir having each individual drug dose (100) sealed there between (col. 3, lines 18-45; figure 2. At col. 5, lines 1-7, Green et al teach that an oxygen scavenger (oxygen absorber) may be incorporated into the package to remove oxygen, as recited in claim 1. With respect to claims 11, 13 and 18, Green et al teach epinephrine, dobutamine and dopamine as drugs that can be stored in the package. Epinephrine has a pKa of 6.3, as recited in claims 14-15.

Green et al differ from the instant invention in that there is no disclosure of using UV activated oxygen absorbers and there is no disclosure of specific shelf-life ability of the packaging materials.

Katsumoto et al teach an oxygen scavenging system for use in packaging containing products that are sensitive to oxygen, such as food and pharmaceuticals, to allow the product to have an improved shelf life. The oxygen scavenger of Katsumoto et al comprise photoinitiators to allow the oxygen scavenger to be activated by UV light (col. 8, lines 22-38). Katsumoto et al teach that the oxygen scavengers scavenge at least 0.1 cc O₂/gram of oxygen scavenging composition/day (col. 7, lines 36-45), thus allowing the stored product to have an improved shelf life prior to activation. Table 1 of Katsumoto et al show UV activated oxygen scavengers that were initiated quickly (one minute) and that removed most all oxygen in as little as two days.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the UV-activated oxygen scavengers of Katsumoto et al in place of those taught by Green et al to provide an

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effective manner of removing oxygen from oxygen-sensitive products, which can be activated quickly with UV light and which provides an improved shelf life for the product. With respect to minimizing degradation and/or discoloration of the product, it is the position of the Examiner that the decreased oxygen exposure, as a result of using the UV activated oxygen absorber, would also aid in minimizing degradation and/or discoloration.

3. Claims 1-3, 8-10, 20 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hekal in view of Katsumoto et al.

Hekal teaches a barrier pack for storing single doses of medicine, in the form of a tablet, pill or capsule, that provides enhanced protection against contamination. The pack comprises a base portion (10) and a cover portion (20). The base (10) and cover (20) are heat sealed together. A cavity/recess (24) is formed into the cover (20) to contain the pharmaceutical product (4). See col. 3, lines 41-64. A layer having oxygen absorbing capability is also formed into the package, as recited in claim 1 (col. 2, lines 33-48). With respect to claim 2, Hekal teaches that the absorbing layer is placed between a first layer and a second layer of a three-layer composite (col. 8, lines 57-67). With respect to claim 3, Hekal teaches that the absorbing agent may also be formed into the individual cavities or may be formed into the both the cover composite layers and the cavities (col. 9, lines 4-24).

Hekal differ from the instant invention in that there is no disclosure of using UV activated oxygen absorbers and there is no disclosure of specific shelf-life ability of the packaging materials.

Katsumoto et al teach an oxygen scavenging system for use in packaging containing products that are sensitive to oxygen, such as food and pharmaceuticals, to allow the product to

have an improved shelf life. The oxygen scavenger of Katsumoto et al comprise photoinitiators to allow the oxygen scavenger to be activated by UV light (col. 8, lines 22-38). Katsumoto et al teach that the oxygen scavengers scavenge at least 0.1 cc O₂/gram of oxygen scavenging composition/day (col. 7, lines 36-45), thus allowing the stored product to have an improved shelf life prior to activation. Table 1 of Katsumoto et al show UV activated oxygen scavengers that were initiated quickly (one minute) and that removed most all oxygen in as little as two days.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the UV-activated oxygen scavengers of Katsumoto et al in place of those taught by Hekal to provide an effective manner of removing oxygen from oxygen-sensitive products, which can be activated quickly with UV light and which provides an improved shelf life for the product. With respect to minimizing degradation and/or discoloration of the product, it is the position of the Examiner that the decreased oxygen exposure, as a result of using the UV activated oxygen absorber, would also aid in minimizing degradation and/or discoloration.

Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-3, 8-18, 20 and 21 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a).

 Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

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MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LaToya I. Cross whose telephone number is 571-272-1256. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill A. Warden can be reached on 571-272-1267. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Supervisory Patent Examiner
Tagicology Center 1700